



**EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN UNIVERSITY**  
**COMPUTER ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

**CMPE 412 – SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

**Midterm Exam**

**13 April 2018**

EXAM DURATION: 110 min

Std. ID \_\_\_\_\_ Std Name \_\_\_\_\_

Instructor Alexander Chefranov

Totally 9 pages, 10 questions

QUESTION	GRADE
Q 1 (out of 5)	
Q 2 (out of 5)	
Q 3 (out of 5)	
Q 4 (out of 5)	
Q 5 (out of 5)	
Q 6 (out of 35)	
Q 7 (out of 5)	
Q 8 (out of 5)	
Q 9 (out of 5)	
Q 10 (out of 25)	
<b>TOTAL</b>	

**Q1. (5 points)** What are the main five responsibilities of a good software team leader?

Problem solving, Managerial identity  
Achievement, Influence, Team building

**Q2. (5 points)** Specify one difference between Democratic Decentralized and Controlled Centralized software team organizations?

DD - no permanent leader, but for  
CC there is a defined leader

**Q3. (5 points)** When Controlled Centralized software team organization is preferable?

When delivery date is strict

**Q4. (5 points)** Specify three main features of Extreme Programming practices

- 1) pair programming
- 2) continuous integration
- 3) continuous testing

**Q5. (5 points)** When the Random Paradigm in software team organization may be useful?

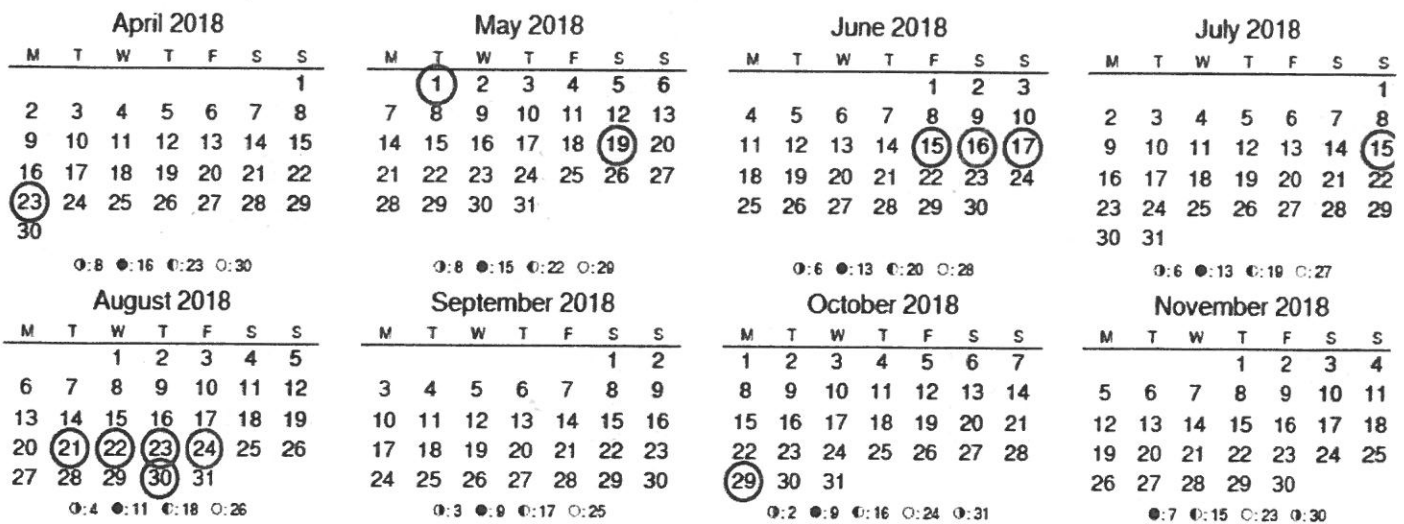
When innovation or technological  
advance is required

**Q6. (25 points)** Consider the following set of tasks

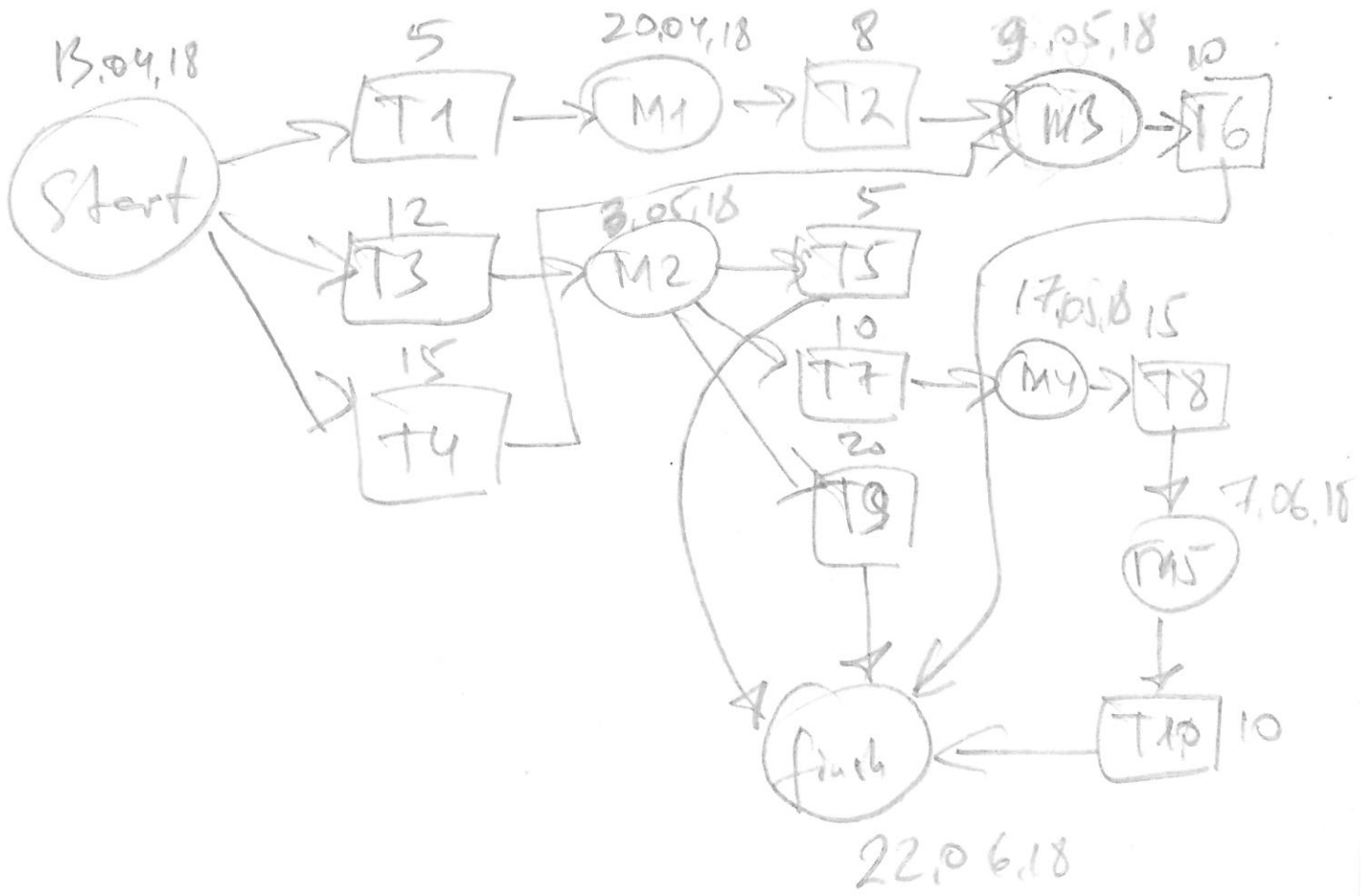
Task	Duration (days)	Dependencies
T1	5	
T2	8	T1 M1
T3	12	
T4	15	
T5	5	T3 M2
T6	10	T2, T4 M3
T7	10	T3 M2
T8	15	T7 M4
T9	20	T3 M2
T10	10	T8 M5

Assume that the project shall start on April 13, 2018

HINT: Turkish calendar is as follows:



**a) (10 points)** Draw activity network diagram



b) (10 points) Specify all paths on the activity network diagram, find path lengths, define the critical path and its length

$$P_1 = T_1, T_2, T_6 \rightarrow 23$$

$$P_2 = T_3, T_5 \rightarrow 17$$

$$P_3 = T_3, T_7, T_8, T_{10} \rightarrow 47$$

$$P_4 = T_3, T_9 \rightarrow 32$$

$$P_5 = T_4, T_6 \rightarrow 25$$

Critical path and its length



**Q9. (5 points)** What are the seven counts used for 3D points calculation ?

- 1) Inputs
- 2) Outputs
- 3) Inquiries
- 4) Internal files
- 5) External files
- 6) Transformations
- 7) State transitions

**Q10. (25 points)** Using COCOMO II Application composition model estimate effort of a project development with 10% reuse by a software team with Low developers' experience and Nominal CASE tools capabilities in which three screens, two reports, and one 3GL program component shall be developed. Each screen has two views and uses four database tables. Each report has four sections and uses five database tables. Provide details of your calculations, give necessary explanations.

**Hints:**

$$PM = (NAP * (1 - \%reuse/100)) / PROD$$

Figure 26.8 Object-point productivity

Developer's experience and capability	Very low	Low	Nominal	High	Very high
CASE maturity and capability	Very low	Low	Nominal	High	Very high
PROD (NOP/month)	4	7	13	25	50

$$Prod = \frac{7 + 13}{2} = 10 \frac{HP}{p.m}$$

# Object Point Analysis - Screen

4 ↓

Number and source of data tables			
Number of views contained	Total < 4 (<2 server, <2 client)	Total < 8 (2-3 server, 3-5 client)	Total 8+ (>3 server, >5 client)
2 < 3 →	Simple	Simple	Medium
3 - 7	Simple	Medium	Difficult
8+	Medium	Difficult	Difficult

# Object Point Analysis - Reports

5 ↓

Number and source of data tables			
Number of sections contained	Total < 4 (<2 server, <2 client)	Total < 8 (2-3 server, 3-5 client)	Total 8+ (>3 server, >5 client)
< 2	Simple	Simple	Medium
2 or 3	Simple	Medium	Difficult
4 → > 3	Medium	Difficult	Difficult



# Object Point Analysis – Complexity Weighting

		Complexity			
Type of object		Simple	Medium	Difficult	
3	Screen	1	2	3	→ 3
2	Report	2	5	8	→ 16
1	3GL component	N/A	N/A	10	→ 10

NAI = 29 AP

$$PM = 29 AP \left( 1 - \frac{10}{100} \right) / 10 \frac{AP}{p.m}$$

$$= 2.9 \cdot 0.9 = 2.61 p.m$$

