# Effective Power Point Presentation

CIVL698 SEMINAR
DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN UNIVERSITY



#### What is a presentation?

A presentation is a means of communication that can be adapted to various speaking situations, such as talking to a group, addressing a meeting or briefing a team.



#### Preparation

- Don't overload slides!
  - One of the biggest design mistakes made is including too much text on a presentation slide.
  - Use key words and phrases on the slides instead of entire sentences.
- Generally no more than 6 lines a slide.
- Fonts: Arial, Calibri and Verdana.
- Don't use a font size smaller than 18 point:

FONTS SIZE 16 FONT SIZE 18 FONT SIZE 20

FONT SIZE 24 FONT SIZE 28

#### Preparation

Be sure text contrasts with background:

Blue font on a yellow background or white font on a blue background works well, but avoid pale colours on a white background.

Remember the potential for <u>colour blindness</u> in your audience and avoid <u>red-green</u> combinations.

#### Blue text yellow background

 $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ 

White text blue background

 $\sqrt{}$ 

Pale text white background

X

Green text red background

Fancy fonts can be hard to read:

Fancy fonts can be hard to read

Words in all CAPITAL letters are hard to read:

WORDS IN ALL CAPITAL LETTERS ARE DIFFICULT TO READ

#### Preparation

- Clip art and graphics should enhance and complement the text, not overwhelm.
- No more than two graphics per slide.
- Use color for emphasis but do not overdo it.
- Don't make too many slides...avoid the "slide rush" (trying to rush through the last 20 slides because you ran out of time).

- Show up early to <u>check out</u> the room and the equipment.
- Begin by letting your audience know that you are <u>happy</u> for the opportunity to speak to them.
- Check grammar! A presentation is the worst time to see missspelings.
- Show <u>enthusiasm</u> for the subject.
  - If you don't, your audience won't be enthusiastic either.

- Put a lot of <u>energy</u> in your talk.
  - Your energy will energize the audience.
- Don't read your slides to the audience. Spend most of the time <u>looking at the audience</u>.
- Personalize your presentation.
  - Sprinkle anecdotes, humor, quotes, and personal items throughout your talk.

- Repeatedly remind the audience of unfamiliar definitions.
- Make <u>eye contact</u>.
- Speak loudly. Vary your voice for dramatic effect.
- Do not exceed your allotted time. To do so indicates you were poorly prepared.
- Leave time for Q & A.
- Close by <u>thanking</u> your audience.

- Avoid apologizing for a presentation shortcomings...press on.
- Have a grand final. It could be the main result, a conjecture, an open problem or an application.

#### Top annoyances

An online survey of large group of people who regularly see Power Point presentations revealed the following top annoyances:

The speaker read the slides to us	62.0%
Text so small I couldn't read it	46.9%
Slides hard to see because of color choice	42.6%
Full sentences instead of bullet points	39.1%
Moving/flying text or graphics	24.8%
Overly complex diagrams or charts	22.2%

### Murphy's Law

Something WILL go wrong- test your presentation before you show it.

Always have a backup of your presentation on hand.

Be prepared to do the presentation without the <u>PowerPoint...professionals ALWAYS print</u> handouts for the audience.

## THANK Y()