

Solution To Wage Incentive Problems (Source: Textbook)

Problem-1.

In a single-product plant where IMPROSHARE was installed, 411 employees produced 14762 product units over a one-year period, and recorded 802000 clock hours. In a given week, 425 employees worked a total of 16150 hours and produced 348 units.

Q1- What would be the hourly value of this output?

Q2- What percentage bonus would each of these 425 workers receive?

Q3- What would be the unit labor cost in hours for this week's production?

Solution: (IMPROSHARE System)

Work hour standard = $802000 / 14762 = 54.33$ hrs/unit

Value of output = $348 \times 54.33 = 18906.84$ hrs.

Gain = $18906.84 - 16150 = 2756.84$ hrs.

Percentage bonus = $(2756.84 / 2) / 16150 = 8.54$ %

Unit labor cost in hours = $[16150 + (2756.84 / 2)] / 348 = 50.37$ Hrs/unit.

Problem-2.

Analysts established a standard time of 0.0125 hours/piece for machining a small component. A setup time of 0.32 hour was also established, as the operator performed the necessary setup work on incentive. Compute the following:

- a. Total time allowed to complete an order of 860 pieces.
- b. Operator efficiency, if job is completed in an 8-hour day.
- c. Efficiency of the operator who requires 12 hours to complete the job.

Solution:

Total time allowed completing an order of 860 pieces: $(860 \times 0.0125) + 0.32 = 11.07$ hrs.

Operator efficiency, if job is completed in an 8 hours-day: $11.07 / 8 = 1.3838$

Efficiency of the operator who requires 12 hours to complete the job: $11.07 / 12 = 0.9225$

Problem-3.

A 'one-for-one' or 100-percent participation plan for incentive payment is in operation. The operator base rate for this class of work is \$10.40. The base rate is guaranteed. Compute:

- a. Total earnings for the job at the efficiency determined in problem 2(b).
- b. Hourly earnings.
- c. Total earnings for the job, at the efficiency determined in problem 2(c).
- d. Direct labor cost per piece from (a), excluding setup.
- e. Direct labor cost per piece from (c), excluding setup.

Solution: (100% participation plan)

Total earnings for the job at an efficiency of 1.3838: $10.4 \times 1.3838 \times 8 = \115.13

Hourly earnings = $10.4 \times 1.3838 = \$14.39$ /hr.

Total earnings for the job at an efficiency of 0.9225: $10.4 \times 12 = \$124.8$ / job

Direct Labor cost/piece (completed in 8 hrs.), excluding setup:

$$\text{Efficiency} = (860 \times 0.0125) / 8 = 1.3438$$

$$\text{Total Earnings} = 10.4 \times 1.3438 \times 8 = \$111.8$$

$$\text{Direct labor cost} = 111.8 / 860 = \$0.13 / \text{unit}$$

$$\text{Direct Labor cost/piece (completed in 12 hrs.), excluding setup: } (12 \times 10.4) / 860 = \$ 0.15 / \text{job}$$

Problem-4.

A rate of 0.42 minute per piece is set for a foreign operation. The operator works on the job for a full 8-hour day and produces 1500 pieces. Use a standard hour plan.

- How many standard hours does the operator earn?
- What is the operator's efficiency for the day?
- If the base rate is \$9.80 per hour, compute the earnings for the day?
- What is the direct labor cost per piece at this efficiency?
- What would be the proper piece rate (expressed in dollars) for this job, assuming that the time standard is correct?

Solution: Operator earns: $(1500 \times 0.42) / 60 = 10.5$ hours.

$$\text{Operator's efficiency} = 10.5 / 8 = 1.3125$$

$$\text{Earnings per day (Base rate is \$9.8): } 9.8 \times 1.3125 \times 8 = \$102.9$$

$$\text{Direct Labor cost/piece: } 102.9 / 1500 = \$0.0686$$

$$\text{Piece rate (T}_{\text{std}} = 0.42 \text{ min/unit)} = (9.8 \times 0.42) / 60 = \$0.0686 / \text{unit}$$

Problem-5.

A 60-40 participation plan is used in a plant (base rate is guaranteed an operator receives 60 percent of proportional gain after exceeding 100 percent). The established time value on a certain job is 0.75 minute, and the base rate is \$8.8. What is the direct labor cost per piece when operator efficiency is:

- 50 percent of standard?
- 80 percent of standard?
- 100 percent of standard?
- 120 percent of standard?
- 160 percent of standard?

Solution: Standard Output = $(8 \times 60) / 0.75 = 640$ Units/Day

a- 50% of standard:

$$\text{Total Earnings} = 8 \times 8.8 = \$70.4/\text{day}$$

$$\text{Direct Labor Cost/Piece} = 70.4 / (640 \times 0.5) = \$0.22/\text{piece}$$

b- 80% of standard:

$$\text{Direct Labor Cost/Piece} = 70.4 / (640 \times 0.8) = \$0.14/\text{piece}$$

c- 100% of standard:

$$\text{Direct Labor Cost/Piece} = 70.4 / (640 \times 1) = 0.11 \text{ \$/piece}$$

d- 120% of standard:

$$\text{Total Earnings} = 70.4 + 0.6(8.8 \times 0.2 \times 8) = 78.85 \text{ \$/piece}$$

$$\text{Direct Labor Cost/Piece} = 78.85 / (640 \times 1.2) = 0.10 \text{ \$/piece}$$

e- 160% of Standard:

$$\text{Total Earnings} = 70.4 + 0.6(8.8 \times 0.6 \times 8) = 95.74 \text{ \$/piece}$$

$$\text{Direct Labor Cost/Piece} = 95.74 / (640 \times 1.6) = 0.09 \text{ \$/piece}$$