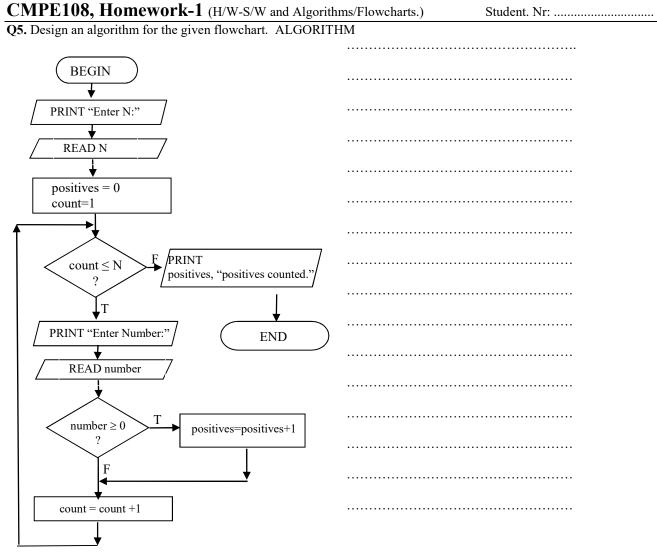
		by <b>pen</b> or <b>pencil</b> . Late submissions, <u>p</u> be among A, B, C, or D as the answer		_			
ΥI	provided.	e among A, B, C, or D as the answer	of each	n question. write you	r answer in the answ	ver box	
ı.	Which of the follo	Which of the following properties does not belong to			<b>f.</b> Which of the following components is conn the motherboard?		
	C? [ ]				D) M	[ [	
	<ul><li>A) It is a high-level programming language.</li><li>B) It is a small programming language.</li></ul>			<ul><li>A) Processor</li><li>C) Expansion board</li></ul>		ory Chips f the choices	
		it programming language.		C) Expansion board	D A II 0 I	the choices	
	D) It has standard		σ	Choose which set o	of operations are the	task of	
	D) It has standard	noranes.	g.	Control Unit	of operations are the		
b.	What is the correct order of memory unit magnitudes? TB=Terabyte, GB=Gigabyte, MB=Megabyte,			1. Reads and inter	mrets instructions	L	
				<ol> <li>Performs computations</li> <li>Performs logical operations (comparisons)</li> </ol>			
							and KB=Kilobyte
		A) KB $<$ GB $<$ M			components	······································	
	$\dot{B}$ KB < MB < T			5. Controls the flow of programs and data in and			
	$\dot{C}$ KB < MB < G			out of RAM			
	$\vec{D}$ MB < KB < G				nine code instruction	IS	
	,			A) 1,2, and 3	B) 4, 5, a		
	The main circuit b	poard in system unit is called ?		C) 1, 3, and 6	D) 1, 4, a		
		[]		,	, , ,		
	A) CPU	B) Graphic Card	h.	Which of the follow	ving is NOT a kind	of memory?	
	C) Motherboard	D) Hard-drive			-	[	
				A) RAM	B) Register		
l.	Central Processor	Unit (CPU) is composed of two		C) Cache	D) BUS		
	components:						
	A) input and outp		i.		es is one of the spec	ifications of	
	B) primary and se	condary storage		ROM?		[	
	C) ALU and CU			A) It is volatile			
	D) none of the choices				tions that the user c	annot chang	
				C) It is inside CPU			
•	Each of ASCII, ANSI, and Unicode standards is			D) Performs compu	itations		
	based on how many bits respectively? []				· · NOT		
	A) 8, 7, and 16	B) 7, 8, and 16	j.		ving is NOT a prog	ramming	
	C) 7, 16, and 8	D) 16, 7, and 8		language? A) UNIX	B) Java	L	
				C) Perl	D) C#		
11	F' 14 1 4 1 '		C 1	<i>,</i>	,	. 1	
22	provided.	e among A, B, C, or D as the answer	of each	question. write your	answer in the answ	er box	
-	1	a farmenter system are normal as		D) a maal mumb an			
	nysical components	s of computer system are named as		D) a real number.			
ь P							
ı. P			f Th	a mua anama and data t	hat the commutania	~~~ the	
ı. P	A) Hardware	B) Software		e programs and data t		currently	
ı. P	A) Hardware C) Operating syst	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		using are stored at	•••••	[ ]	
	C) Operating syst	em D) Application programs		using are stored at A) ROM	•••••	currently [ ] C) RAM	
	C) Operating syst	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is		using are stored at	•••••	[ ]	
	C) Operating syst A set of instructions called	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is [ ].		using are stored at A) ROM I D) Hard Disk	 3) CPU C	[ ] C) RAM	
	<ul> <li>C) Operating syst</li> <li>A set of instructions called</li> <li>A) Databases</li> </ul>	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is []. B) Programs	<b>g.</b> T	using are stored at A) ROM I D) Hard Disk ne following algorithm	n finds product P of	[ ] C) RAM	
	C) Operating syst A set of instructions called	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is [ ].	<b>g.</b> T	using are stored at A) ROM I D) Hard Disk he following algorith A and B. Find the ch	n finds product P of	[ ] C) RAM	
<b>).</b> A	<ul> <li>C) Operating syst</li> <li>A set of instructions called</li> <li>A) Databases</li> <li>C) Peripherals</li> </ul>	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is []. B) Programs D) Input/Output devices	<b>g.</b> T	using are stored at A) ROM I D) Hard Disk ne following algorithm	n finds product P of	[ ] C) RAM	
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). A	<ul> <li>C) Operating syst</li> <li>A set of instructions called</li> <li>A) Databases</li> <li>C) Peripherals</li> <li>Che term "bit" shortl</li> <li>A) Megabyte</li> </ul>	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is []. B) Programs D) Input/Output devices y stands for []. B) Binary language	<b>g.</b> T	using are stored at A) ROM I D) Hard Disk ne following algorith A and B. Find the ch line. BEGIN	n finds product P of	[ ] C) RAM	
<b>).</b> A	<ul> <li>C) Operating syst</li> <li>A set of instructions called</li> <li>A) Databases</li> <li>C) Peripherals</li> <li>The term "bit" shortl</li> </ul>	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is []. B) Programs D) Input/Output devices y stands for [].	g. Ti	using are stored at A) ROM F D) Hard Disk ne following algorith A and B. Find the ch line. BEGIN INPUT A, B	n finds product P of	[ ] C) RAM	
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<b>).</b> A	<ul> <li>C) Operating syst</li> <li>A set of instructions called</li> <li>A) Databases</li> <li>C) Peripherals</li> <li>C) Peripherals</li> <li>Che term "bit" shortl</li> <li>A) Megabyte</li> <li>C) Binary digit</li> <li>Che CPU consists of</li> </ul>	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is []. B) Programs D) Input/Output devices y stands for []. B) Binary language D) Binary number	g. Ti	using are stored at A) ROM I D) Hard Disk he following algorithm A and B. Find the ch line. BEGIN INPUT A, B ASSIGN P=0 WHILE B is nonzero	m finds product P of oice that completes	[ ] C) RAM	
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р. А с. Т 1. Т	<ul> <li>C) Operating syst</li> <li>A set of instructions called</li> <li>A) Databases</li> <li>C) Peripherals</li> <li>C) Peripherals</li> <li>C) Binary digit</li> <li>C) Binary digit</li> <li>Che CPU consists of A) an arithmetic 1</li> <li>B) a control unit a</li> <li>C) a control unit a</li> <li>D) a control unit a</li> </ul>	em D) Application programs that tells the computer what to do is []. B) Programs D) Input/Output devices y stands for []. B) Binary language D) Binary number []. ginumber []. []. []. []. []. []. []. [].	g. Ti	using are stored at A) ROM I D) Hard Disk ne following algorithm A and B. Find the ch line. BEGIN INPUT A, B ASSIGN P=0 WHILE B is nonzero P = A + P  ENDWHILE	m finds product P of oice that completes	[ ] C) RAM	
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Q3 Find the best choice among A, B, C, or D as the answer provided.	er of each question. Write your answer in the answer box	
<ul> <li>a. Central Processor Unit (CPU) is composed of two com</li> <li>A) input and output</li> <li>B) primary and secondary st</li> <li>C) ALU and CU</li> <li>D) none of the choices</li> </ul>		
<ul><li>b. Which of the following components is connected to the A) Processor B) Memory Chips C) Expansion</li></ul>	e motherboard? [ ] ion boards D) All of the choices	
c. Which of the following is NOT a kind of memory? A) RAM B) Register C	[ ] [ ] [ ]	
<ul> <li>d. Which of the choices is one of the specifications of RC</li> <li>A) It is volatile</li> <li>B) Contains instructions tha</li> <li>C) It is inside CPU</li> <li>D) Performs computations</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Q4 Fill in correct terms or choices.</li> <li>i) What do we call the electronic and mechanical (physical) parts and components of a computer system?</li> <li>ii) What are the four major functions of a computer?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>vii) What does CPU stand for?</li> <li>a) Central Programmable Unit</li> <li>b) Control Processing Utility</li> <li>c) Central Processing Unit</li> <li>d) Control Processing Unit</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>viii) Which item below is not directly connected to motherboard?</li> <li>a) Memory Chipsets</li> <li>b) ALU</li> <li>c) Hard Disk Drive</li> <li>d) CPU</li> </ul>	
iii) What is the numbering system used by computers to perform operations?	ix) Which component of CPU performs operations su as adding two numbers?	ch
<ul> <li>iv) ASCII stands for?</li> <li>a) American National Standards Institute</li> <li>b) American Standard Code for International</li> <li>Interchange</li> <li>c) American Standard Code for Information Interchange</li> <li>d) American National Standards Interface</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>x) RAM stands for:</li> <li>a) Remarkable Attribute Model</li> <li>b) Random Access Module</li> <li>c) Random Access Memory</li> <li>d) Read Only Memory</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>v) A number is composed of 8 bytes. How many bits it is?</li> <li>vi) Determine which one of the following devices are</li> </ul>	a) PROM b) Flash Memory c) RAM d) Hard Disk Drive	ıre
INPUT or OUTPUT a) Keyboard b) Printers c) Mouse d) Smartphone Touchscreen e) Earphones f) Microphone c) Second	<ul> <li>e) Cache Memory</li> <li>xii) In terms of speed which of the following memorie the fastest?,</li> <li>which one is the slowest?</li> <li>Cache, Register, RAM, ROM, Hard Disk Drive, CD-ROM</li> </ul>	es is
g) Scanner h) Monitors	<ul> <li>xiii) In terms of speed which relation is correct ?</li> <li>a) GHz is faster than KHz which is faster than MHz</li> <li>b) KHz is faster than MHz which is faster than GHz</li> <li>c) GHz is faster than MHz which is faster than KHz</li> </ul>	

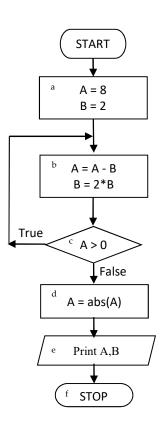


b) Trace the flowchart for N=3 and numbers -1, 5, 4.

acculation in $-3$ and numbers $-1$ , $3$ , $4$ .						
Ν	positives	count	number	number>=0	count <= N	

Q6 Consider the following flowchart, where The function **abs(A)** represents the absoute value of A.

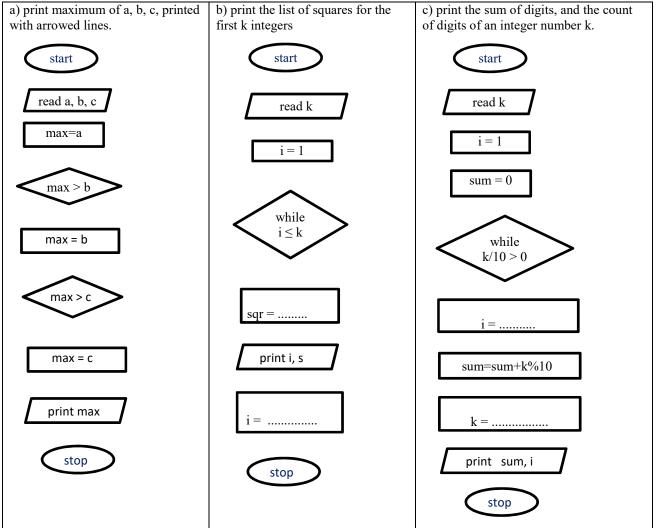
a) Write a algorithm of the flowchart by using a do-while structure.



b) Trace the flowchart for input value A=8 and B=2.

step	A	В	A>0
a	8	2	

**Q7** Connect the following flow diagram correctly to solve the described problems. Please do not forget to mark "yes" and "no" of the decision box outlets.



**Q8** Write an ALGORITHM and draw a FLOWCHART for the following problem:

We want to compute and display the sum of 10 numbers.

- The numbers shall be entered one by one as input.

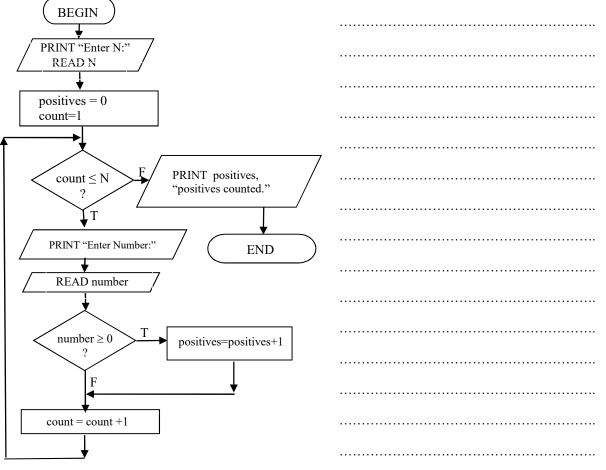
- Use a while loop in your algorithm and flowchart.

- Use only three variables: X for the entered number, SUM for the sum of entered numbers, and COUNT is to count the entered numbers and terminate the loop. Use the answer boxes for your answer.

Algorithm:	Flowchart:

**Q9** Design an algorithm for the given flowchart.

## ALGORITHM



b) Trace the flowchart for N=3 and numbers -1, 5, 4.

N	positives	count	number	number>=0	count <= N

## CMPE108, Homework-1 (H/W-S/W and Algorithms/Flowcharts.)

**Q10.** Euler's convergence improvement transformation provides a sum of series to calculate  $\pi/2$  by:

$$\pi/2 = 1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1 \cdot 2}{3 \cdot 5} + \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7} + \frac{1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4}{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 9} + \dots$$

Using the variables

i: for counting terms;

**t**: for the value of the term;

**s**: for the summation of the terms,

**p**: for the  $\pi$  number

write an algorithm that calculates an approximated value of  $\pi$  by the sum of the first 50 terms.

**Q11.** Gregory-Leibniz formula provides a sum of series to calculate  $\pi/4$  by:

$$\pi/4 = + \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{9} - \frac{1}{11} + \dots$$

Using the variables

i: for counting terms;

**t**: for the value of the term;

**s**: for the summation of the terms,

**p**: for the  $\pi$  number

write an algorithm that calculates an approximated value of  $\pi$  by the sum of the first 50 terms.